



Athena SWAN Biosciences Best Practice Workshop

Wednesday 7 March



Athena SWAN: award levels

Equality Challenge Unit

Athena SWAN

Bronze

- self-assessment and analysis
- identify issues and challenges
- plan activities on a solid foundation

Silver

- additional to Bronze
- evidence of progress and achievement

Gold

- significant record of activity and impact
- beacons for gender equality and good practice

Personal Reflections

- AS certification not the end in itself; the correct mindset is to want to improve equity in the department. AS Bronze, Silver and Gold are just staging points
- 2. Buy-in from senior management is essential
- 3. Needs commitment from most (all?) staff to create <u>sustainable</u> change
- 4. There is no "correct" AS application: departments have different issues so applications should be bespoke

Athena SWAN: Process of application



Plan

- Team: skills, experience, knowledge & commitment
- Who does: what, how & when



Data

Quantitative

Qualitative

Analyse

- Trends & gender differences
- Pipeline & key career transition points
- Link different issues together

Write

- Narrative
- Action plan
- Consultation & revision

Plan

- Self-assessment team (SAT) should be diverse (e.g. not 80% women) and representative (i.e. all grades of staff + students) in terms of experience, knowledge and points of view
- Some has to lead process but this person shouldn't be doing all the work. Many SATs have different sub-groups working on different sections of the application (but beware inconsistency)
- The SAT has to be embedded in departmental structure and have sufficient influence to elicit change
- The SAT has to link with the members of the department, both senior management and the rank and file – nothing should be a surprise

Data

Identify sources (not always easy!) and monitor relevant data <u>all the</u>
 time (not just for the submission

Quantitative data:

- ensure it is self consistent and present in an intelligible form
- make it clear which cohort you are referring to
- if you use %, ensure it is clear what it is a % of
- give numbers as well as %

Qualitative data:

- can be collected via surveys; clickers in meetings; focus groups
- Methods should be well embedded by the time of the application

Analyse

- Look for significant trends in the data over time (but don't analyse noise!)
- Look at transitions for example:
 - applications to shortlist to offer to appointment
 - lecturer to senior lecturer to reader to professor
 - UG to PG
- Golden Rule: Compare data with the stage below (e.g. applications with A-level: PG with UG: Senior lecturer with lecturer) and also compare with benchmarks
- Try to link issue across categories (hard!) and to actions
- Issues for the Action Plan should emerge from the analysis. Good idea to refer explicitly to specific actions from the narrative (also ensures AP is evidencebased)

Write

- Write narrative in good clear English with a logical flow and uniform style
- Present data clearly
- Analyse, not just describe
- Don't try to pull the wool over the assessor's eyes or sound complacent
- Leave yourselves time and manage the formal approval process...
- ...but own the document

The framework

- 1. Letter of endorsement
- 2. Description of the department
- 3. Self-assessment process
- 4. Picture of the department
- 5. Supporting and advancing careers
 - Key career transition points
 - Career development
 - Flexibility and managing career breaks
 - Organisation and culture
- 6. Case studies
- 7. Action plan







Letter of endorsement

- HoD to show personal commitment with specific examples
- Comment on how AS is embedded in structure and processes + any financial support
- Refer to departmental + university strategy
- Endorse the application as accurate and honest

Description of the department

- Be concise: assessors want to know key points without being bogged down by detail
- Diagrams are helpful but make sure they are properly labelled
- Highlight anything that is unusual. Examples:
 - New department or recent split/merger
 - Split site
 - Shared studentships
 - Formal arrangements with other organisations

Self-assessment process

- Provide names, roles and brief pen picture of each SAT member
- Give brief details of the modus operandi including frequency of meetings etc.
- Explain carefully how each interested group in the department was consulted and engaged
- Describe how the SAT fits into the departmental structure, where it reports, and how it ensures change occurs

Picture of the department

- Present data clearly and critically. Do <u>not</u> simply describe, analyse too
- Ask yourself whether the numbers are reasonable and reflect
- Use benchmarks and link to external trends where appropriate
- Ensure data are self consistent
- Link issues explicitly to the Action Plan (e.g. see AP1.5.a)

Supporting and advancing women's careers 1

- About equity not just promoting women
- This is a long section with overlap try not to repeat too much
- Transparency of procedures, particularly promotion, is very important e.g.
 - Clear criteria
 - Staff are encouraged to apply not just left alone
 - Staff briefings by HoD or Dean
 - Feedback
 - Allowance for maternity leave/special circumstances
- Provide clear descriptions of policies and procedures at all levels be honest

Supporting and advancing women's careers 2

- Report on male participation and engagement as well as female
 - Paternity/parental leave
 - Training
- Ensure flexible working and reduced loads after career breaks are formally included in processes and procedures
- Don't forget research data (REF entrants; grant applications etc.)
- Assessors appreciate transparency of procedures and data.

Organisation and structure

- A fully transparent and balanced workload model (rare!)
 - AS and similar activities included
 - If it is not in the model, it is not valued
- How is information gathered about perceptions, including bullying and harassment?
- Core hours give data as well as state policy
- Gender balance monitoring
 - Committee membership
 - Interview panels (cuts both ways)
 - Seminar speakers
 - Who does outreach?

Case studies

- Only required for Silver
- Do <u>not</u> just describe a successful woman academic
- Should be a description of how the policies in your department/institution have made a difference to an individual (male or female)

Athena SWAN: evidence



Good applications:

- = Are honest
- = Depend on data reporting
- = Link data, analysis and action
- = Target support
- = Don't make it a 'women's problem'
- = Always ask 'So what?'
- = Include a SMART action plan



SMART = Specific, **M**easurable, **A**chievable, **R**elevant, **T**ime-bound

Action Plan 1: SMART

- Specific: Refers to a particular issue identified in the analysis
- Measurable: Criteria for success can be measured (qualitatively or quantitatively)
- Achievable: Do not promise things that are implausible
- Relevant: Should relate to specific issue. Don't invent actions that are not related to issues
- Time-bound: Provide milestones/deadlines. Be realistic and ensure AP is spread across several years.

Action Plan 2

- State the action
- Say why you think such an action is necessary (i.e. link to the analysis)
- Say why you think this action is relevant to the issue and likely to make a difference
- Say who is responsible and provide dates for milestones, completion etc.
- Success criteria should refer to the original issue and be as specific and quantitative as possible

Action Plan 3: Bad practice

Action: Increase the number of grant applications made by women in the department OK but...

Rationale: Support required for academic members of staff making, or considering making grant applications. Hopeless. Just a statement. No link to data so no idea what

issue is being addressed.

Dates: Start May 2017 End May 2018

Implausible – would not know in such a short time

Success criteria: An increase in the number of successful grant applications made by women in the department

Vague – what rise is acceptable? No link to original numbers

Action Plan 3: Better practice

Action: Identify reasons why women make fewer grant applications than men and take steps to increase the number of grant applications made by women in the department

Rationale: Data show that, on average, women staff submit 40% fewer grant applications than their male colleagues. Anecdotal evidence from focus groups indicate this is because they have larger informal administrative loads.

Dates: Start May 2017: Identify issues and implement plan:

May 2018: Completion May 2021

May 2018: Completion May 2021

Success criteria: An increase in the number of grant applications made by women in the department to parity with men.

Criteria for success

Avoid this type of thing:

- Altered wording in all adverts coming from Department (that is a process not an outcome and no link to "success")
- Monitor data and analyse progress Ditto
- An increase in the ratio of women seminar speakers (too vague will 1% do? Link to data)
- Senior management more aware of E&D recommendations (as measured how?)

Athena SWAN challenges



- = Requirement for robust self-assessment
- = Common reasons for being unsuccessful:



Poor action plan that is not **SMART**

Lack of senior management buy-in; team lacks influence

Descriptive, rather than analytical narrative

Applications not identifying issues raised by the data

Action plan not targeted to issues raised

Actions being process driven rather than outcome focused

Questions?

